

§ 866.5220 Cohn fraction II immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A Cohn fraction II immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents that contain or are used to measure that fraction of plasma containing protein gamma globulins, predominantly of the IgG class. The device may be used as a coprecipitant in radioimmunoassay methods, as raw material for the purification of IgG subclasses, and to reduce nonspecific adsorption of plasma proteins in immunoassay techniques. Measurement of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of any disease concerned with abnormal levels of IgG gamma globulins such as agammaglobulinemia or multiple myeloma.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 866.5230 Colostrum immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A colostrum immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the specific proteins in colostrum. Colostrum is a substance excreted by the mammary glands during pregnancy and until production of breast milk begins 1 to 5 days after childbirth.

(b) *Classification.* Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 59 FR 63007, Dec. 7, 1994]

§ 866.5240 Complement components immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A complement components immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques complement components C_{1q}, C_{1r}, C_{1s}, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆, C₇, C₈, and C₉, in serum, other body fluids, and tissues. Complement is a group of serum proteins which destroy infectious agents. Measurements of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of immunologic

disorders, especially those associated with deficiencies of complement components.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 53 FR 11253, Apr. 6, 1988]

§ 866.5250 Complement C₁ inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A complement C₁ inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the complement C₁ inhibitor (a plasma protein) in serum. Complement C₁ inhibitor occurs normally in plasma and blocks the action of the C₁ component of complement (a group of serum proteins which destroy infectious agents). Measurement of complement C₁ inhibitor aids in the diagnosis of hereditary angioneurotic edema (increased blood vessel permeability causing swelling of tissues) and a rare form of angioedema associated with lymphoma (lymph node cancer).

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 866.5260 Complement C_{3b} inactivator immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A complement C_{3b} inactivator immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the complement C_{3b} inactivator (a plasma protein) in serum. Complement is a group of serum proteins that destroy infectious agents. Measurement of complement C_{3b} inactivator aids in the diagnosis of inherited antibody dysfunction.

(b) *Classification.* Class II (performance standards).

§ 866.5270 C-reactive protein immunological test system.

(a) *Identification.* A C-reactive protein immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the C-reactive protein in serum and other body fluids. Measurement of C-reactive protein aids in evaluation of the amount of injury to body tissues.